1. Title	Aeroplane aerodynamics, structures and systems II (Mechanics Repair and Maintenance)
2. Code	EMAMBA504A
3. Range	The knowledge is needed for a wide range of aeroplane repair and maintenance works, e.g. applicable to aircrafts, analysis, machineries, airworthiness, airframes, avionics, materials, tests, documentation, safety, health and tools etc.
4. Level	5
5. Credit	3
6. Competency	Performance Requirement
	<ul> <li>Able to understand the theory of aeroplane aerodynamics and flight controls</li> <li>Operation and effect of: <ul> <li>Roll control: ailerons and spoilers.</li> <li>Pitch control: elevators, stabilators, variable incidence stabilisers and canards.</li> <li>Yaw control, rudder limiters.</li> <li>Control using elevons, ruddervators.</li> <li>High lift devices, slots, slats, flaps, flaperons.</li> <li>Drag inducing devices, spoilers, lift dumpers, speed brakes.</li> <li>Effects of wing fences, saw tooth leading edges.</li> <li>Boundary layer control using, vortex generators, stall wedges or leading edge devices.</li> <li>Operation and effect of trim tabs, balance and antibalance (leading) tabs, servo tabs, spring tabs, mass balance, control surface bias, aerodynamic balance panels.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

- ◆ Able to understand the theory of high speed flight
  - Speed of sound, subsonic flight, transonic flight, supersonic flight, Mach number, critical Mach number, compressibility buffet, shock wave, aerodynamic heating, area rule.
  - Factors affecting airflow in engine intakes of high speed aircraft.
  - Effects of sweepback on critical Mach number.
- ◆ Able to understand the general concept of the airframe structures
  - Airworthiness requirements for structural strength.
    - Structural classification, primary, secondary and tertiary.
    - Fail safe, safe life, damage tolerance concepts.
    - Zonal and station identification systems.
    - Stress, strain, bending, compression, shear, torsion, tension, hoop stress, fatigue.
    - Drains and ventilation provisions.
    - System installation provisions.
    - Lightning strike protection provision.
  - Construction methods of: stressed skin fuselage, formers, stringers, longerons, bulkheads, frames, doublers, struts, ties, beams, floor structures, reinforcement, methods of skinning, anti-corrosive protection, wing, empennage and engine attachments.

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- Structure assembly techniques: riveting, bolting, bonding.
- Methods of surface protection, such as chromating, anodising, painting.
- Surface cleaning.
- Airframe symmetry: methods of alignment and symmetry checks.
- ♦ Able to understand the aeroplanes airframe structures
  - Fuselage (ATA 52/53/56)
    - Construction and pressurisation sealing.
    - Wing, stabiliser, pylon and undercarriage attachments.
    - Seat installation and cargo loading system.
    - Doors: construction, mechanisms,
       operation and safety devices.
    - Windows and windscreen construction and mechanisms.
  - Wings (ATA 57)
    - · Construction.
    - Fuel storage.
    - Landing gear, pylon, control surface and high lift/drag attachments.
  - Stabilisers (ATA 55)
    - Construction.
    - Control surface attachment.
  - Flight control surfaces (ATA 55/57)
    - Construction and attachment.
    - Balancing mass and aerodynamic.
  - Nacelles/Pylons (ATA 54)
    - · Construction.
    - Firewalls.
    - Engine mounts.

- ♦ Able to understand the air conditioning and cabin pressurisation (ATA 21)
  - Air supply
    - Sources of air supply including engine bleed, APU and ground cart.
  - Air conditioning
    - Air conditioning systems.
    - Air cycle and vapour cycle machines.
    - Distribution systems.
    - Flow, temperature and humidity control system.
  - Pressurisation
    - Pressurisation systems.
    - Control and indication including control and safety valves.
    - Cabin pressure controllers.
  - Safety and warning devices
    - Protection and warning devices.
- ◆ Able to understand the Instruments/Avionic Systems
  - Instrument Systems (ATA 31)
    - Pitot static: altimeter, air speed indicator, vertical speed indicator.
    - Gyroscopic: artificial horizon, attitude director, direction indicator, horizontal situation indicator, turn and slip indicator, turn coordinator.
    - Compasses: direct reading, remote reading.
    - Compass compensation and adjustment.
    - Angle of attack indication, stall warning systems.
    - Other aircraft system indication.

- Avionic Systems
  - Fundamentals of system lay-outs and operation of:
  - Auto Flight (ATA 22).
  - Communications (ATA 23).
  - Navigation Systems (ATA 34).
- ◆ Able to understand the electrical power (ATA 24)
  - Batteries Installation and Operation.
  - DC power generation.
  - AC power generation.
  - Emergency power generation.
  - Voltage regulation.
  - Power distribution.
  - Inverters, transformers, rectifiers.
  - Circuit protection.
  - External / Ground power.
- ♦ Able to understand the equipment and furnishings (ATA 25)
  - Emergency equipment requirements.
    - > Seats, harnesses and belts.
  - Cabin lay-out.
    - Equipment lay-out.
    - Cabin Furnishing Installation.
    - · Cabin entertainment equipment.
    - Galley installation.
    - Cargo handling and retention equipment.
    - Airstairs.
- ◆ Able to understand the fire protection (ATA 26)
  - Fire and smoke detection and warning systems.
  - Fire extinguishing systems.
  - System tests.

- ◆ Able to understand the flight controls (ATA 27)
  - Primary controls: aileron, elevator, rudder, spoiler.
  - Trim control.
  - Active load control.
  - High lift devices.
  - Lift dump, speed brakes.
  - System operation: manual, hydraulic, pneumatic, electrical, fly-by-wire.
  - Artificial feel, Yaw damper, Mach trim, rudder limiter, gust locks.
  - Balancing and rigging.
  - Stall protection system.
- ♦ Able to understand the fuel systems (ATA 28)
  - System lay-out.
  - Fuel tanks.
  - Supply systems.
  - Dumping, venting and draining.
  - Cross-feed and transfer, Indications and warnings.
  - Refuelling and defuelling.
  - Longitudinal balance fuel systems.
- Able to understand the hydraulic power (ATA 29)
  - System lay-out.
  - Hydraulic fluids.
  - Hydraulic reservoirs and accumulators.
  - Pressure generation: electric, mechanical, pneumatic.
  - Emergency pressure generation.
  - Pressure Control.
  - Power distribution.
  - Indication and warning systems.
  - Interface with other systems.

- ◆ Able to understand the ice and rain protection (ATA 30)
  - Ice formation, classification and detection.
  - Anti-icing systems: electrical, hot air and chemical.
  - De-icing systems: electrical, pneumatic and chemical.
  - Rain repellant and removal.
  - Probe and drain heating.
- ♦ Able to understand the landing gear (ATA 32)
  - Construction, shock absorbing.
  - Extension and retraction systems: normal and emergency.
  - Indications and warning.
  - Wheels, brakes, antiskid and autobraking.
  - Tyres.
  - Steering.
- ◆ Able to understand the lights system (ATA 33)
  - External: navigation, anti-collision, landing, taxiing, ice.
  - Internal: cabin, cockpit, cargo.
  - Emergency.
- ◆ Able to understand the oxygen system (ATA 35)
  - System lay-out: cockpit, cabin.
  - Sources, storage, charging and distribution.
  - Supply regulation.
  - Indications and warnings.
- ♦ Able to understand the pneumatic/vacuum (ATA 36)
  - System lay-out.

- Sources: engine / APU, compressors, reservoirs.
- ground supply.
- Pressure control.
- Distribution.
- Indications and warnings.
- Interfaces with other systems.
- ♦ Able to understand the Water/Waste (ATA 38)
  - Water system lay-out, supply, distribution, servicing and draining.
  - Toilet system lay-out, flushing and servicing.
  - Corrosion aspects.
- ♦ Able to understand the On Board

  Maintenance Systems (ATA 45)
  - Central maintenance computers.
  - Data loading system.
  - Electronic library system.
  - Printing.
  - Structure monitoring (damage tolerance monitoring).
- 6.2 Theoretical and practical aspects
- ♦ Able to apply the following knowledge in the aircraft maintenance.
  - Theory of flight.
  - General concepts of airframe structures
  - Aeroplanes airframe structures
  - Air conditioning and cabin pressurisation (ATA 21)
  - Instrument systems (ATA 31)
  - Electrical power (ATA 24)
  - Equipment and furnishings (ATA 25)
  - Fire protection (ATA 26)
  - Flight controls (ATA 27)
  - Fuel systems (ATA 28)

- Hydraulic power (ATA 29).
- Ice and rain protection (ATA 30).
- Landing gear (ATA 32).
- Lights (ATA 33).
- Oxygen (ATA 35).
- Pneumatic/Vacuum (ATA 36).
- Water/Waste (ATA 38).
- On board maintenance systems (ATA 45).

## 6.3 Professional approach

- ◆ Able to understand the principal elements of the subjects.
- ◆ Able to understand the general knowledge of the theoretical and practical aspects of the following subjects.
  - Aeroplane aerodynamics and flight controls.
  - High speed flight.
  - General concepts of airframe structures
  - Aeroplanes airframe structures
  - Air supply of air conditioning.
  - Instrument systems (ATA 31).
  - Equipment and furnishings (ATA 25).
  - On board maintenance systems (ATA 45).
- ♦ Able to apply the knowledge in the aircraft maintenance task.
- Able to understand the detailed knowledge of the theoretical and practical aspects of the following subjects.
  - Air conditioning and cabin pressurisation (ATA 21).
    - · Air conditioning.
    - Pressurisation.
    - Safety and warning devices.
  - Electrical power (ATA 24).
  - Fire protection (ATA 26).

Criteria
7. Assessment